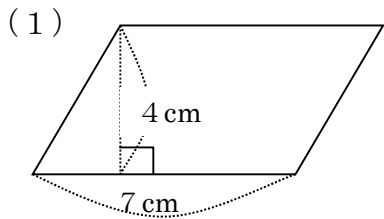


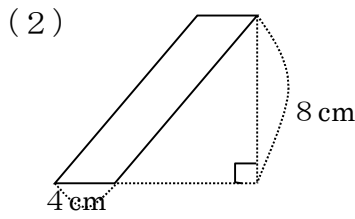
模範解答

1 次の図形の面積を求めましょう。(8問×10点)



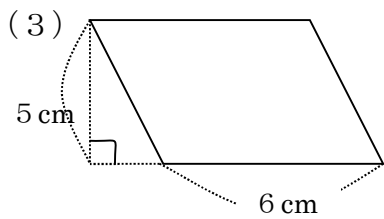
(式)  $7 \times 4 = 28$

(答)  $28 \text{ cm}^2$



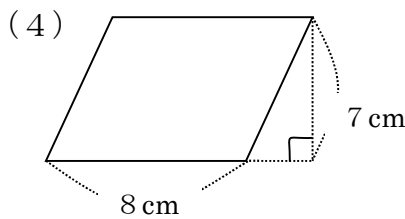
(式)  $4 \times 8 = 32$

(答)  $32 \text{ cm}^2$



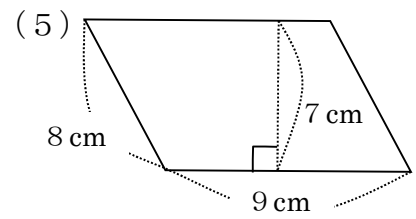
(式)  $6 \times 5 = 30$

(答)  $30 \text{ cm}^2$



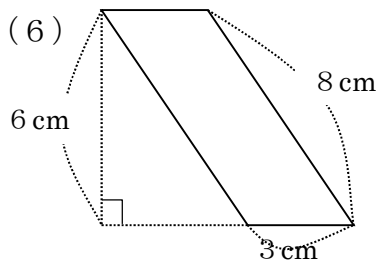
(式)  $8 \times 7 = 56$

(答)  $56 \text{ cm}^2$



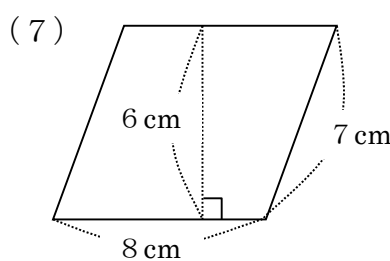
(式)  $9 \times 7 = 63$

(答)  $63 \text{ cm}^2$



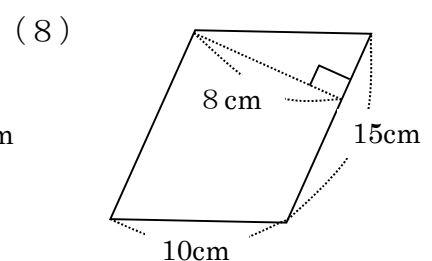
(式)  $3 \times 6 = 18$

(答)  $18 \text{ cm}^2$



(式)  $8 \times 6 = 48$

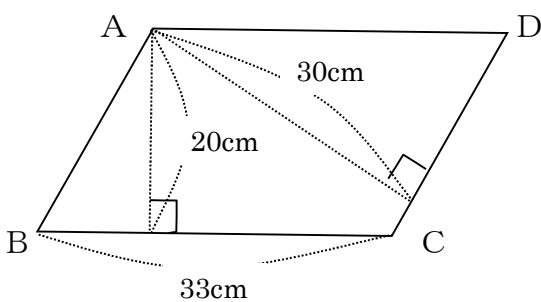
(答)  $48 \text{ cm}^2$



(式)  $15 \times 8 = 120$

(答)  $120 \text{ cm}^2$

2 次の平行四角形 ABCD の辺 AB の長さは何 cm ですか。(20点)



(式)  $33 \times 20 = 660$

$660 \div 30 = 22$

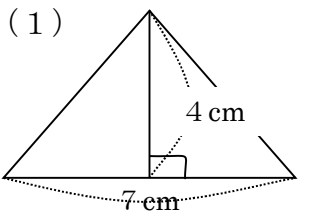
辺 AB = 辺 CD だから

(答)  $22 \text{ cm}$



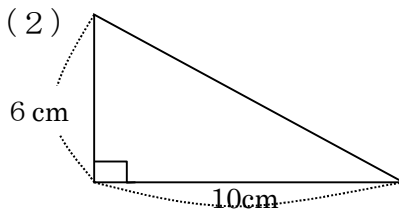
模範解答

1 次の図形の面積を求めましょう。(8問×10点)



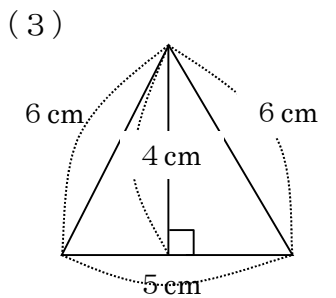
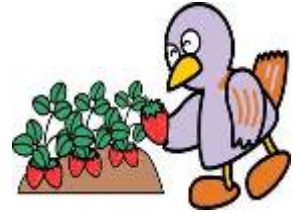
(式)  $7 \times 4 \div 2 = 14$

(答) 14 cm<sup>2</sup>



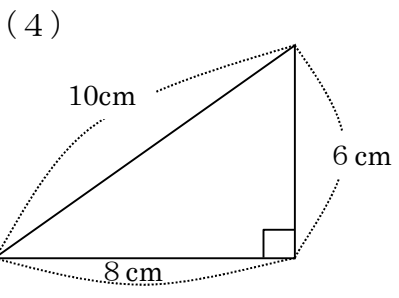
(式)  $10 \times 6 \div 2 = 30$

(答) 30 cm<sup>2</sup>



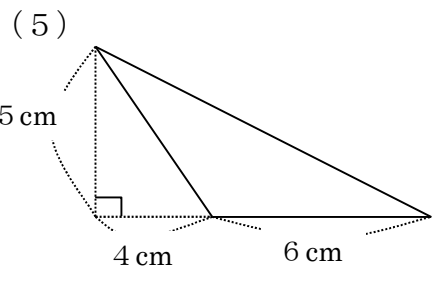
(式)  $5 \times 4 \div 2 = 10$

(答) 10 cm<sup>2</sup>



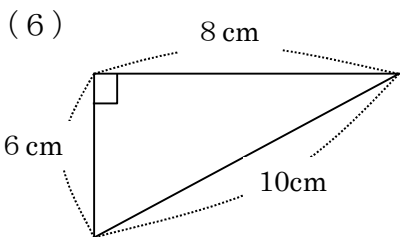
(式)  $8 \times 6 \div 2 = 24$

(答) 24 cm<sup>2</sup>



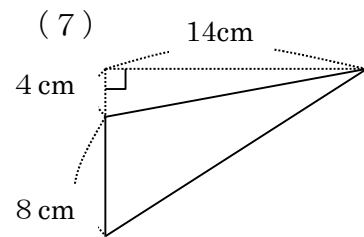
(式)  $6 \times 5 \div 2 = 15$

(答) 15 cm<sup>2</sup>



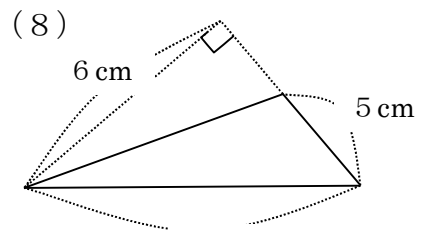
(式)  $6 \times 8 \div 2 = 24$

(答) 24 cm<sup>2</sup>



(式)  $8 \times 14 \div 2 = 56$

(答) 56 cm<sup>2</sup>

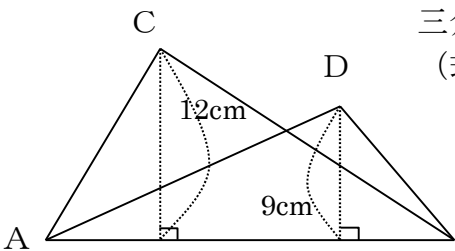


(式)  $5 \times 6 \div 2 = 15$

(答) 15 cm<sup>2</sup>

2 次の図形の三角形ABCの面積は84 cm<sup>2</sup>あります。

三角形ABDの面積は何cm<sup>2</sup>あるでしょう。(20点)



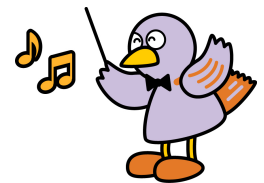
(式) 辺ABの長さを□とすると、

$\square \times 12 \div 2 = 84$

$\square = 84 \times 2 \div 12$

$\square = 14$  ※辺ABは14 cm

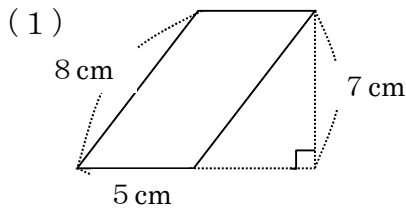
$14 \times 9 \div 2 = 63$



B (答) 63 cm<sup>2</sup>

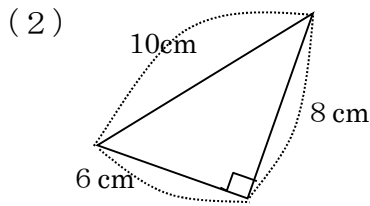
模範解答

1 次の図形の面積を求めましょう。(8問×10点)



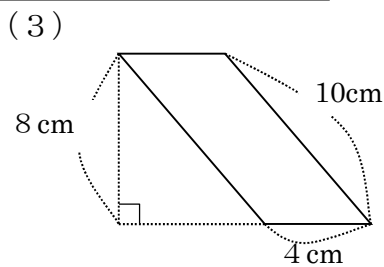
(式)  $5 \times 7 = 35$

(答) 35 cm<sup>2</sup>



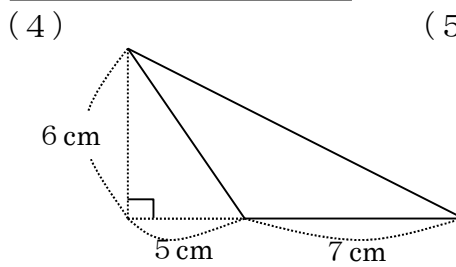
(式)  $6 \times 8 \div 2 = 24$

(答) 24 cm<sup>2</sup>



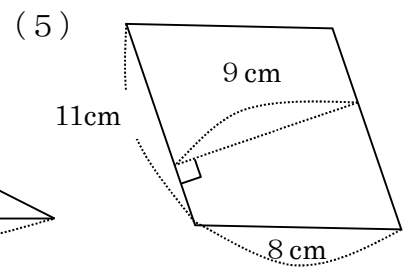
(式)  $4 \times 8 = 32$

(答) 32 cm<sup>2</sup>



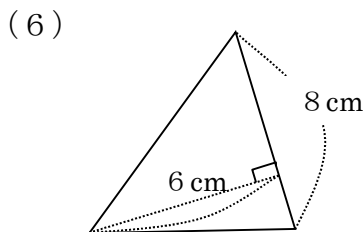
(式)  $7 \times 6 \div 2 = 21$

(答) 21 cm<sup>2</sup>



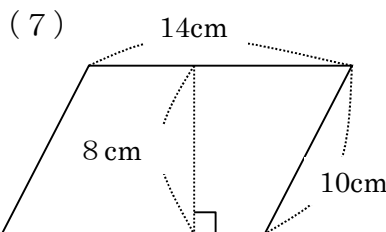
(式)  $11 \times 9 = 99$

(答) 99 cm<sup>2</sup>



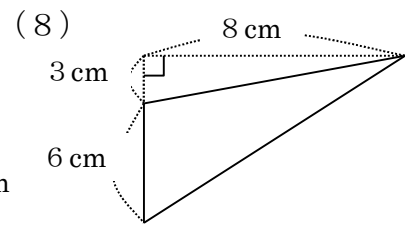
(式)  $8 \times 6 \div 2 = 24$

(答) 24 cm<sup>2</sup>



(式)  $14 \times 8 = 112$

(答) 112 cm<sup>2</sup>

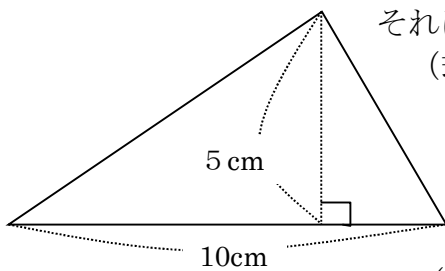


(式)  $6 \times 8 \div 2 = 24$

(答) 24 cm<sup>2</sup>

2 次の三角形の高さも底辺も3倍にすると、面積は何 cm<sup>2</sup>になるでしょう。

それはもとの三角形の面積の何倍でしょう。(20点)



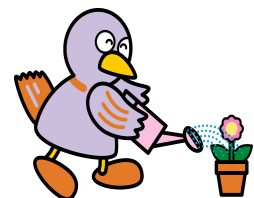
(式)

$(10 \times 3) \times (5 \times 3) \div 2 = 225$

$10 \times 5 \div 2 = 25$

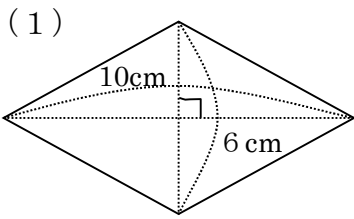
$225 \div 25 = 9$

(答) 225 cm<sup>2</sup>、9倍

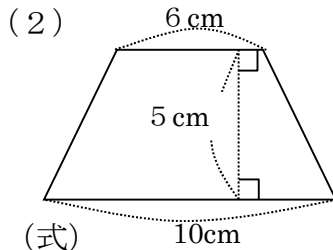


模範解答

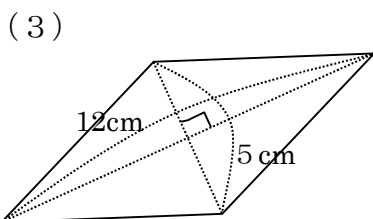
1 次のひし形や台形の面積を求めましょう。(8問×10点)



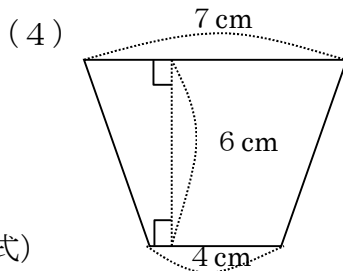
(式)  
 $10 \times 6 \div 2 = 30$   
 (答)  $30 \text{ cm}^2$



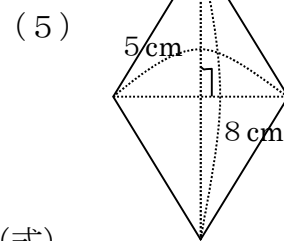
(式)  
 $(6 + 10) \times 5 \div 2 = 40$   
 (答)  $40 \text{ cm}^2$



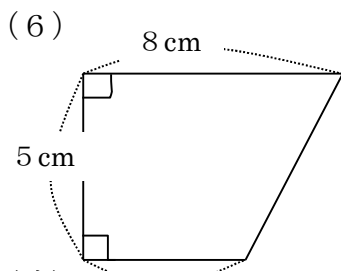
(式)  
 $12 \times 5 \div 2 = 30$   
 (答)  $30 \text{ cm}^2$



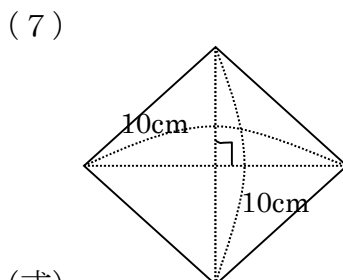
(式)  
 $(7 + 4) \times 6 \div 2 = 33$   
 (答)  $33 \text{ cm}^2$



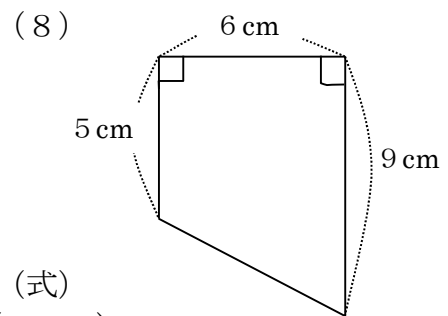
(式)  
 $5 \times 8 \div 2 = 20$   
 (答)  $20 \text{ cm}^2$



(式)  
 $(8 + 4) \times 5 \div 2 = 30$   
 (答)  $30 \text{ cm}^2$

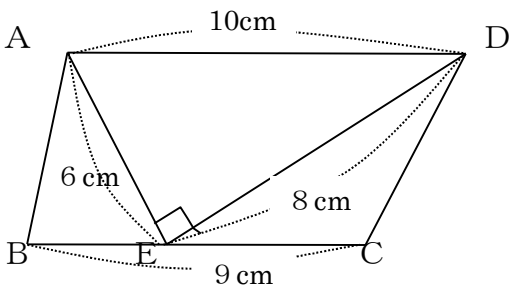


(式)  
 $10 \times 10 \div 2 = 50$   
 (答)  $50 \text{ cm}^2$



(式)  
 $(5 + 9) \times 6 \div 2 = 42$   
 (答)  $42 \text{ cm}^2$

2 次の台形ABCDの面積を求めましょう。(20点)



(式) 三角形AEDの面積は、  
 $6 \times 8 \div 2 = 24$   
 三角形AEDの底辺をADとしたときの高さを□とすると、  
 $10 \times \square \div 2 = 24 \quad \square = 4.8$  (三角形の高さ)  
 三角形の高さ = 台形の高さ、なので  
 $(10 + 9) \times 4.8 \div 2 = 45.6$   
 (答)  $45.6 \text{ cm}^2$

